

MAES implementation in Greece:

integrating ecosystem services
in education, policy and decision making

Prof. Panayotis Dimopoulos

& Dr. Ioannis Kokkoris



UNIVERSITY OF
PATRAS
ΠΑΝΕΠΙΣΤΗΜΙΟ ΠΑΤΡΩΝ

The Greek MAES story

Sep 2014:
Nomination of the MAES national representative and participation in the MAES WG (first participation for Greece)

Oct 2015
Riga


Sep 2016
HESP

Jan 2017
Amsterdam


Oct 2017
Plovdiv


Jan 2018
Trento






Feb 2015:
TRAIN: MAES Hands-on mapping workshop



Jul 2016
Apply for a Life IP - MAES has been included in the Actions

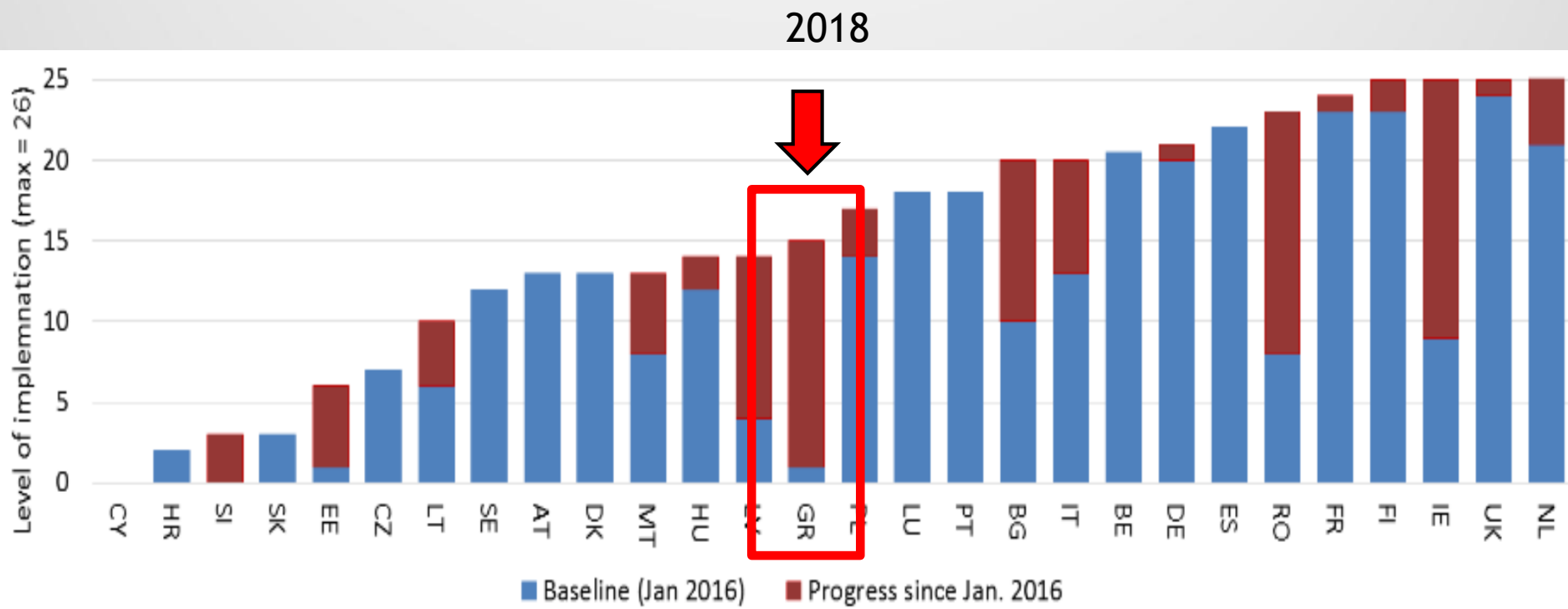
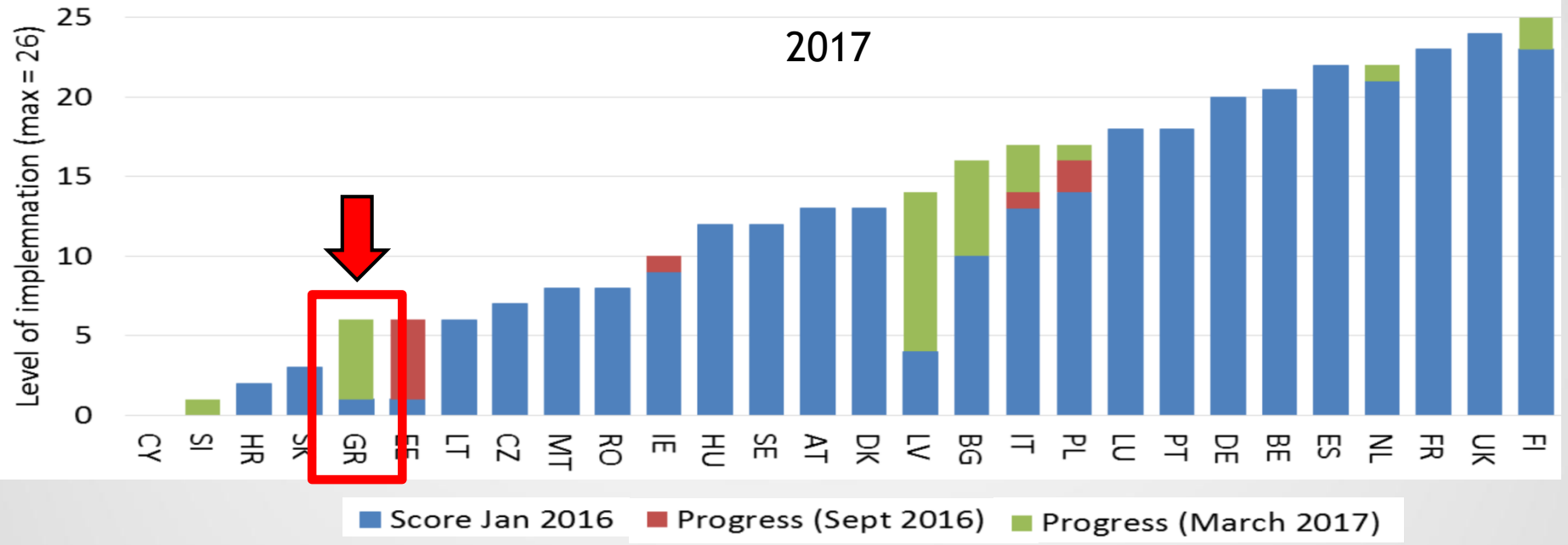


Apr 2017
Madrid



Dec 2017
Approval of the LifeIP 4 Natura

P Paper **G** Guide
B Book **W** Workshop



HESP

Establishment of a Scientific - Technical Committee

The committee aims to coordinate Ecosystem Services research and all activities towards the Mapping and Assessment of Ecosystems and their Services (i.e. MAES studies) in Greece.

Board members:

- Prof. Panayotis Dimopoulos (Coordinator) National Representative for the MAES implementation in Greece / University of Patras (Patras)
- Dr. Evangelia Drakou / University of Twente (contact person and link to ESP)
- Assoc. Prof. Stelios Katsanevakis / University of the Aegean (Lesvos)
- Assoc. Prof. Konstantinos Kormas / University of Thessaly (Volos)
- Dr. Maria Tsiafouli / Aristotle University of Thessaloniki (Thessaloniki)

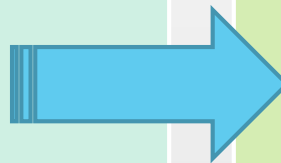


**UNIVERSITY
OF TWENTE.**



Capacity building for Workshops via ESMERALDA

Training - participatory mapping and assessment



**Ministry of
Environment &
Energy**

National level:

National legislation

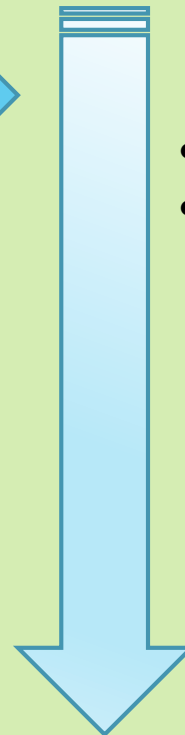
- Environmental legislation
- Management of Natura 2000 network areas etc.

Regional level:

Regional policy

Local level:

Municipality policy



Day 1st

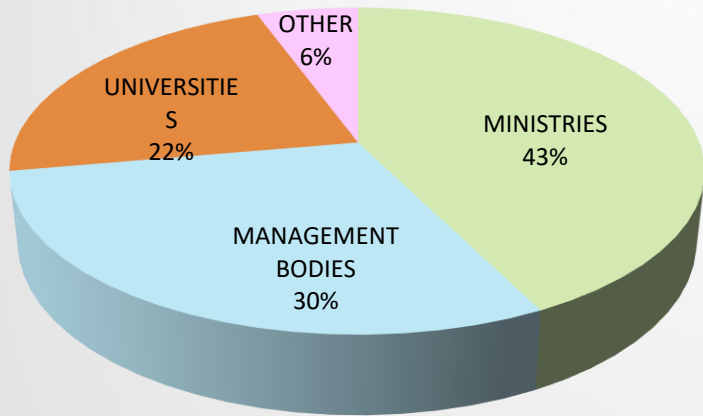
Time	Wednesday, February 28 th , 2018
10:00 – 10:30	Opening ceremony <i>Deputy Minister of Environment & Energy (Mr Sokratis Famellos)</i> <i>Chair of the National Center for Environment and Sustainable Development</i>
10:30 – 10:45	Introduction - Workshop objectives <i>Prof. Panayotis Dimopoulos, Department of Biology, University of Patras</i>
10:45 – 11:15	MAES support to EU biodiversity policy <i>Anne Teller, Senior Expert European Commission, ENV.B2 – Biodiversity</i> <i>Invited speaker</i>
11:15 – 11:45	MAES: Identifying the dormant national capital <i>Prof. Panayotis Dimopoulos, University of Patras</i>
11:45 – 12:00	Coffee break
12:00 – 12:30	Ecosystem services and National Capital Accounts <i>Prof. Dimitrios Skouras, Department of Economics, University of Patras</i>
12:30 – 13:00	Maps' applications and usability in natural capital assessments <i>Ass. Prof. Evangelia Drakou, Geo-Information Processing Department, University of Twente</i>
13:00 – 13:10	Summary and Close of Day 1 <i>Prof. Panayotis Dimopoulos, Department of Biology, University of Patras</i>
13:10 – 14:00	Lunch

Day 2nd

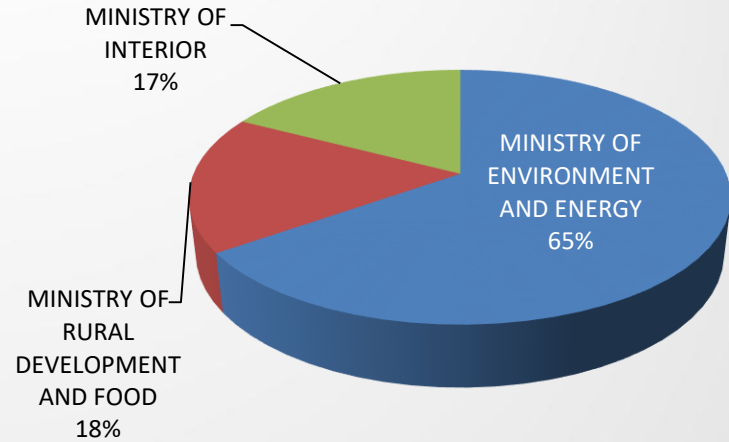
Time	Thursday, March 1 st , 2018
10:00 – 10:15	Welcome and overview of the Day's Objectives <i>Prof. Panayotis Dimopoulos, Department of Biology, University of Patras</i>
10:15– 10:45	Presentation of two Case Studies: i) Parnitha National Park & ii) Metropolitan Park “Antonis Tritsis” <i>Prof. Panayotis Dimopoulos, Department of Biology, University of Patras</i>
10:45 – 11:15	The MAES conceptual framework <i>Dr. Ioannis Kokkoris, Department of Biology, University of Patras</i>
11:15 – 11:45	Data-gaps: an obstacle to reliable large-scale assessments <i>Ass. Prof. Evangelia Drakou, Geo-Information Processing Department, University of Twente</i>
11:45 – 12:00	Coffee break
12:00 – 13:45	Breakout sessions (rotating groups)
12:00 – 12:45	Breakout group 1: Ecosystem services identification at the Parnitha National Park Methods for identifying and assessing ecosystem services in a protected area <i>Lead: Prof. Panayotis Dimopoulos</i>
	Breakout group 2: Participatory mapping and assessment of ecosystem services Participatory mapping application using participants expertise <i>Lead: Ass. Prof. Evangelia Drakou</i>
12:45 – 13:00	Coffee brake
13:00 – 13:45	Breakout groups rotation
13:45 – 14:00	Mapping the road ahead <i>Anne Teller, Senior Expert European Commission, ENV.B2 – Biodiversity</i> <i>Invited speaker</i>
14:00 – 14: 10	Outlook – introduction to the Thessaloniki workshop <i>Prof. Panayotis Dimopoulos, Department of Biology, University of Patras</i>
14:10 –	Lunch

Categories	Agencies	Participants (No)	%	Participants (No)	%
MINISTRIES	MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND ENERGY	15	28%	23	43%
	MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT AND FOOD	4	7%		
	MINISTRY OF INTERIOR AFFAIRS	4	7%		
MANAGEMENT BODIES	MANAGEMENT BODY OF ITI NATIONAL PARK	2	4%	16	30%
	MANAGEMENT BODY OF PARNASSOS NATIONAL PARK	2	4%		
	MANAGEMENT BODY OF PARNITHA NATIONAL PARK	3	6%		
	MANAGEMENT BODY OF SCHINIAS MARATHON NATIONAL PARK	3	6%		
	MANAGEMENT BODY OF MESSOLONGHI LAGOON	1	2%		
	MANAGEMENT BODY OF MT PARNON AND MOUSTOS WETLANDS	2	4%		
	MANAGEMENT BODY OF ACHERONTAS AND KALAMAS RIVERS AND ESTUARIES	1	2%		
	MANAGEMENT BODY OF CHELMOS - VOURAIKOS	2	4%		
UNIVERSITIES	UNIVERSITIES	12	22%	12	22%
OTHER	E.U.	1	2%	3	6%
	GREEN FUND	1	2%		
	PRIVATE SECTOR	1	2%		

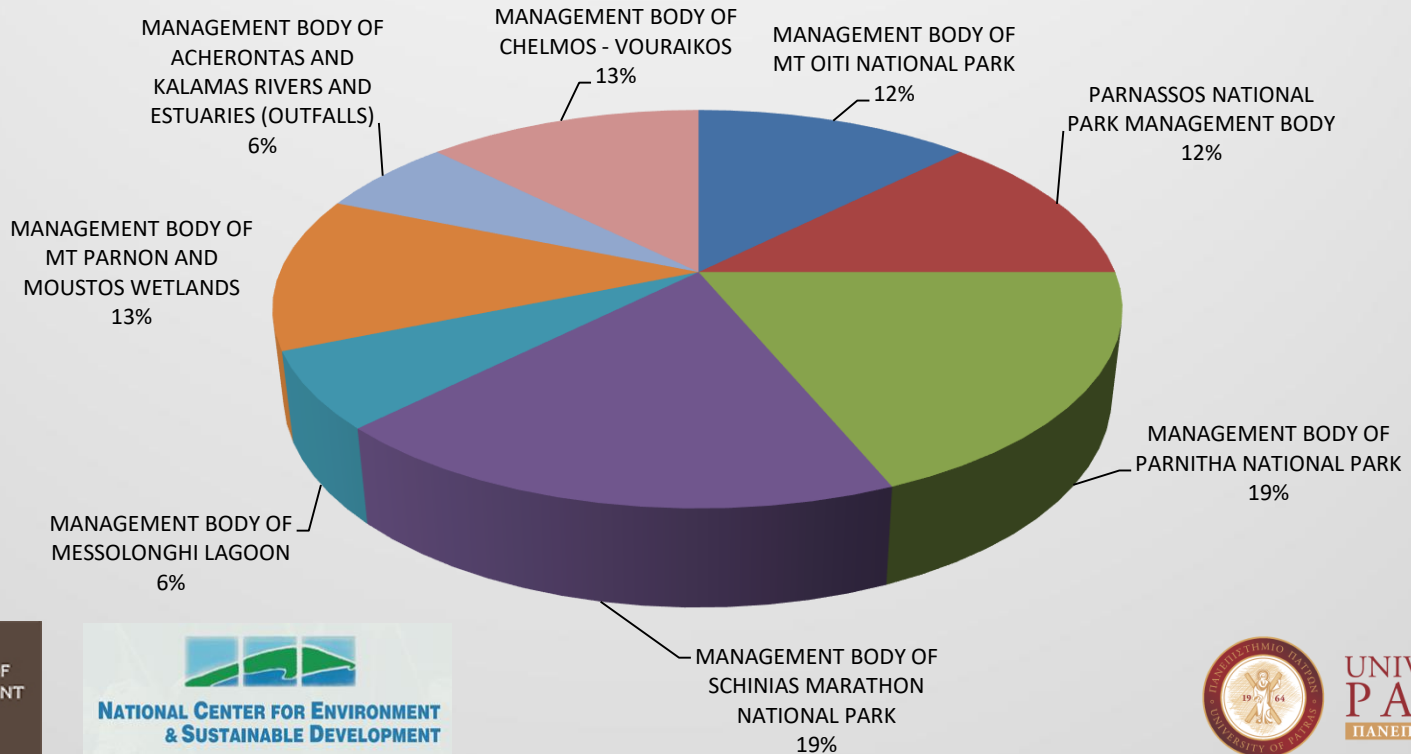
Total



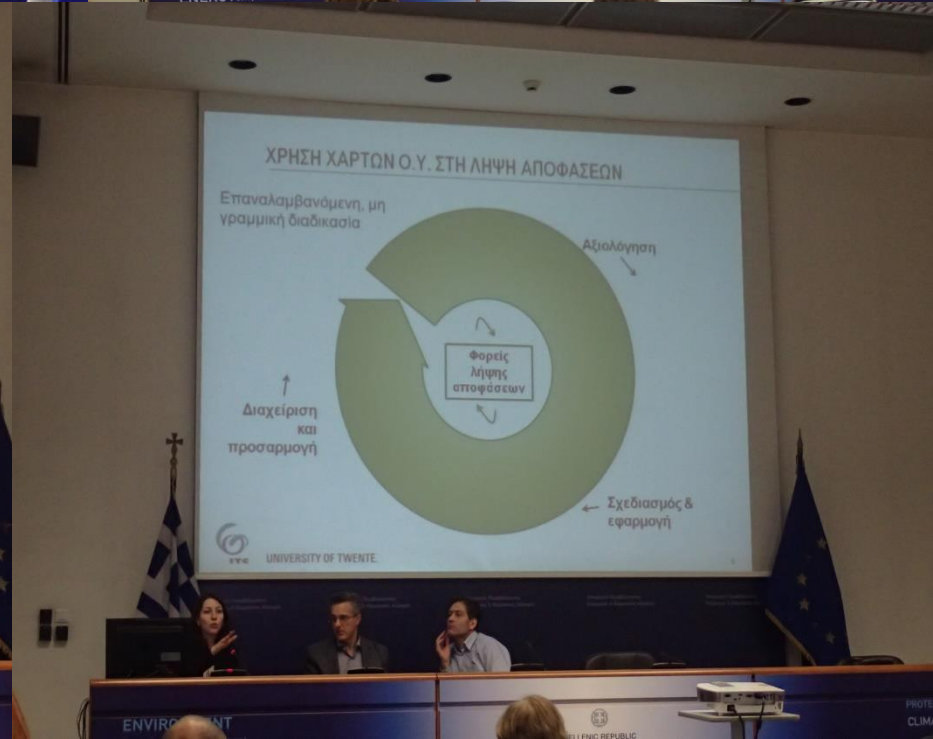
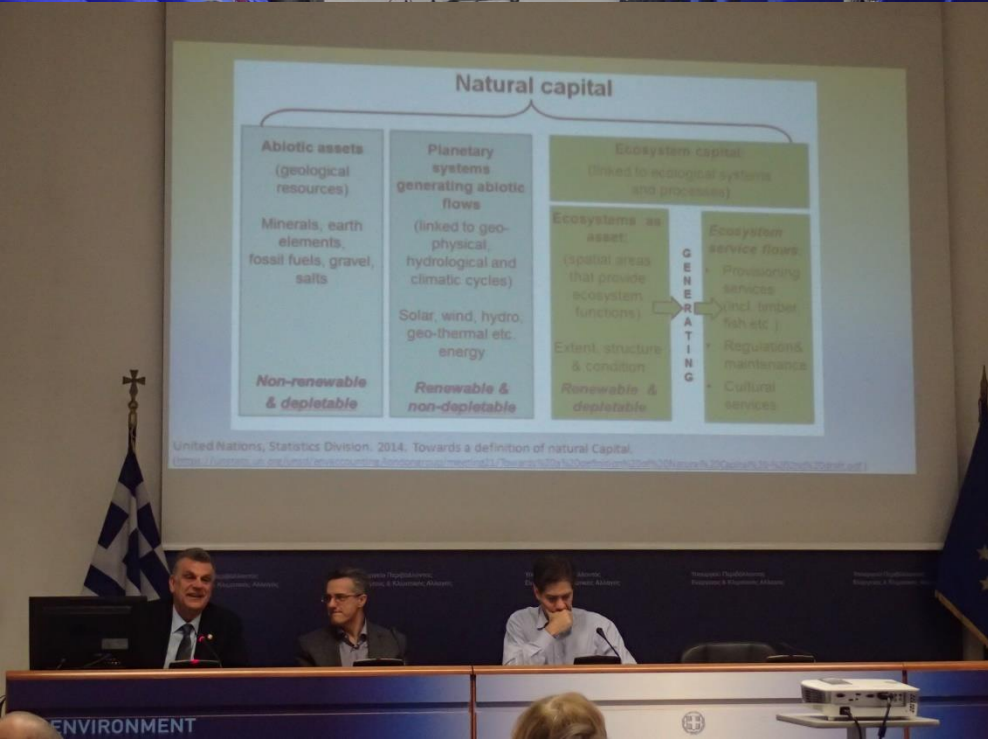
Ministries



Management bodies



Plenaries (Athens)





Plenaries (Thessaloniki)



European Environment Agency

The MAES implementation at European and national scale - guidance and case studies

Joachim Maes
European Commission, DG Joint Research Centre, Ispra

Anne Teller
European Commission DG Environment, Brussels

Markus Erhard
European Environment Agency, Copenhagen





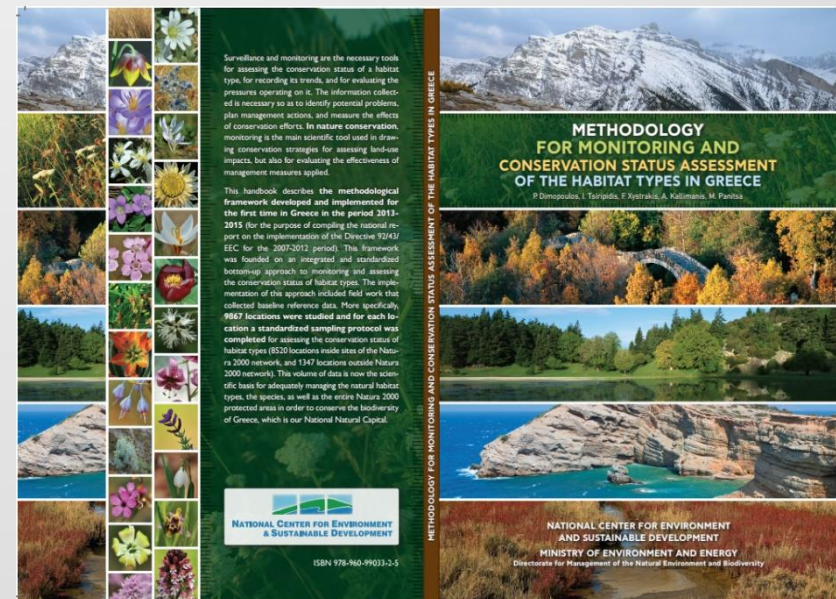
Hands-on



MAES related publications

Mapping and assessment of ecosystems and their services in Greece: technical guide
(P. Dimopoulos, I. Kokkoris, E. Drakou, 2017)

Provided for free to all workshop participants upon registration

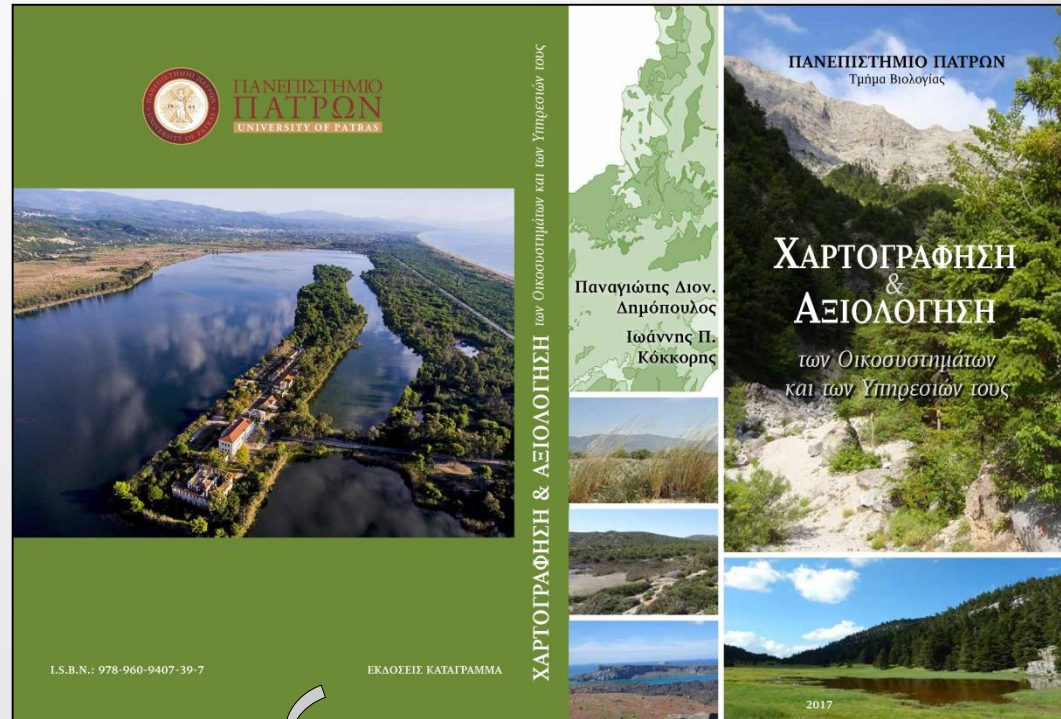


Methodology for monitoring and conservation status assessment of the habitat types in Greece
(P. Dimopoulos, I. Tsiripidis, F. Xystsrakis, A. Kallimanis, M. Panitsa, 2018)

MAES integration in University education

Mapping and Assessment of Ecosystems and their Services (Dimopoulos P. & I. Kokkoris 2017)

- 1st (and until now, the only) educational, academic book in Greece
- Creation and implementation of the 1st educational course in the department of Biology (UPAT) exclusively on MAES (start 2017-)
- 3 PhD students already applied and have been accepted to conduct research on ES (on regulating and maintenance and cultural services, respectively)

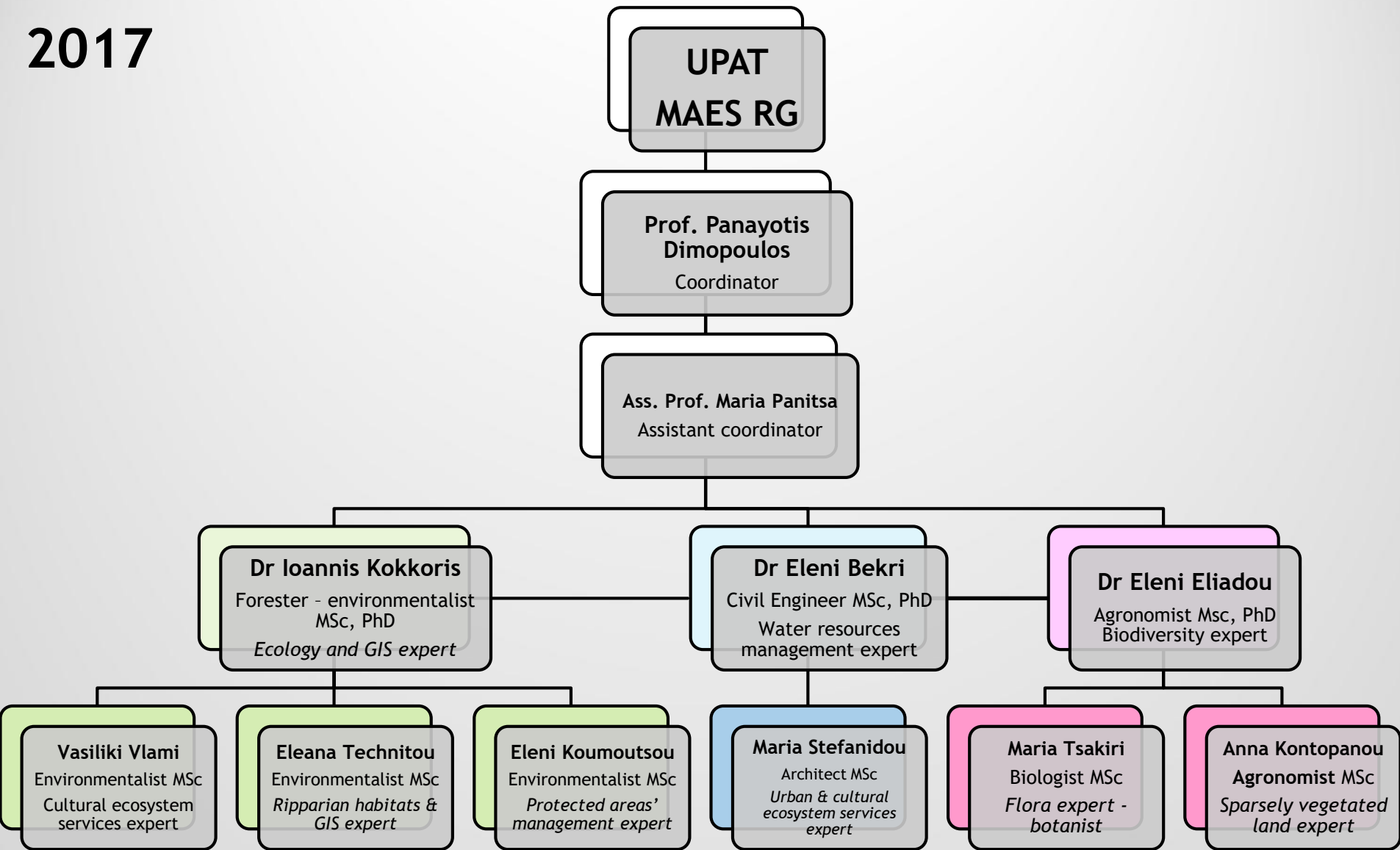


Provided for free to all students

- Website: www.maes.gr
- Establishment of the UPAT_MAES Research Group (RG)



2017





Cultural landscapes and attributes of “culturalness” in protected areas: An exploratory assessment in Greece



Vassiliki Vlami^a, Ioannis P. Kokkoris^b, Stamatīs Zogari^c,
George Kehayias^a, Panayotis Dimopoulos^{b,a}

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^b Department of Biology, Division of Plant Biology, University of Patras, Kion, Patras GR-26504
^c Hellenic Centre for Marine Research, Institute of Marine Biological Resources and Inland Water
^d Department of Physics, Section of Environmental Physics, National and Kapodistrian University
^e The Pireneus Bank Group Cultural Foundation, 6 Ang. Gerontas St., 105 58 Athens, Greece

HIGHLIGHTS

- A distance-based assessment provides the first review of cultural landscape features in Greece's protected areas.
- Cultural landscapes and culturally-modified habitat types are prominent in the Natura 2000 protected area network.
- The notion of protected area “culturalness” is introduced for conservation evaluation purposes.
- Assessing cultural attributes of protected areas can be applied even in data-poor regions.

GRAPHICAL ABSTRACT



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Keywords:
Applied geography
Biodiversity evaluation
Cultural heritage
Mediterranean
Land use
Natura 2000

ABSTRACT

Cultural landscapes are poorly defined to assess cultural land identifying a set of culturally 2000 protected area network cultural landscape features. To up approximately 50% of the (servation). Moreover, a set of thetic quality indicators were express an initial nation-wide that are in proximity to each level of “culturalness” of each view of cultural values in prot require special attention for tainties are reviewed. This p agement of biodiversity-cent

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E-mail address: pdimopoulos@upatras.gr (P. Dimopoulos).

2017



Ecosystem services supply in protected mountains of Greece: setting the baseline for conservation management

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ABSTRACT

The mapping and assessment of ecosystems and their services, an initiative under the EU Biodiversity Strategy to 2020, sets the basis for national ecosystem assessments in EU Member States, including Greece. The highly diverse and heterogeneous Greek landscape provides multiple ecosystem services (ES) and benefits to society. However, the rich knowledge base corresponds to limited research to support a national ecosystem assessment in Greece. In this paper, we apply a rapid method to map ecosystem types and quantify ES supply provided by mountainous protected areas. Using habitat type level data, we created a detailed ecosystem type map that was used as a baseline to assess the supply of provisioning and regulating and maintenance ES. We also applied a site-oriented approach to record and score the ES supply in each protected area. Summing up individual ES supply resulted in a total ES supply map which was used to identify ES hot spot areas within the Greek Natura 2000 mountainous sites. The results: (1) corroborate the hypothesis that protected areas should be treated as high value bio-physical and social-cultural complexes accounting for a significant part of the national capital; (2) highlight data gaps at the national level and limitations of ES mapping methods under such data restrictions; (3) are intended to provide to stakeholders and decision-makers, baseline information for future applied research and conservation management actions.

ARTICLE HISTORY

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EDITED BY
Matthias Schröter

KEYWORDS
MAES; mapping uncertainty;
Natura 2000; national
ecosystem assessment;
spatial analysis

Introduction

With the adoption of the Habitats (92/43/EEC) and Birds (2009/147/EEC) Directives (Council of the European Communities 1992 and Council of the European Communities 2009, respectively) and the establishment of the Natura 2000 Network of Protected Areas (PA), all EU Member States are conducting surveillance and monitoring programs on the conservation of natural habitats and wild fauna and flora to maintain biodiversity. In the past 25 years, following the obligations of those Directives, a vast amount of ecological data and information has been collected and analyzed on habitat and species conservation status, the habitats' spatial distribution and land cover, and pressures and threats in and around each protected area. Greece is a biodiversity hot spot in the EU within the Mediterranean biogeographical region (Georgioudis and Delipetrou 2010; Dimopoulos et al. 2013) and hosts a network of 419 protected Natura 2000 sites (Special Areas for Conservation: SACs and Special Protection Areas: SPAs) covering about 27% of its national land territory. Out of those, 37% of SACs are mountainous PAs.

Mountain landscapes encompass high species diversity (e.g. by providing habitats for different

types of species), a high diversity of ecosystem types – natural, semi-natural, and cultivated (e.g. forests, cliffs, grasslands, pastures, and traditional cultivations) – and a remarkable diversity of economic activities (e.g. stock raising, forestry, agriculture, hunting, year-round tourism), which provide a range of ES and benefits to society (Körner and Ohsawa 2005). Mountain ranges rank among the ecosystems supplying a vast variety of ES, globally (Grêt-Regamey et al. 2012) and in Europe (Maes et al. 2011). For instance, the provisioning of wildlife or cultivated products and biofuels are critical ES for human well-being provided by such ecosystems. Mountain landscapes are also critical for the regulation of global climate, soil erosion prevention and are also home to recreational activities, inherent in the culture of many countries (Grêt-Regamey et al. 2012; Egarter Vigl et al. 2016). They are also significant ‘science labs,’ since mountain ecosystems are highly sensitive to climate change (Beniston 2003; Löffler et al. 2011). For instance, melting glaciers at mountain areas provide strong evidence of climate change (Kohler and Maselli 2009), while rare plants and animals, adapted to specific high-altitude

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Supplementary material can be accessed here.

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One Ecosystem 2: e13714
doi: 10.3897/oneco.2.e13714

OPEN

Research Article

The need for the implementation of an Ecosystem Services assessment in Greece: drafting the national agenda

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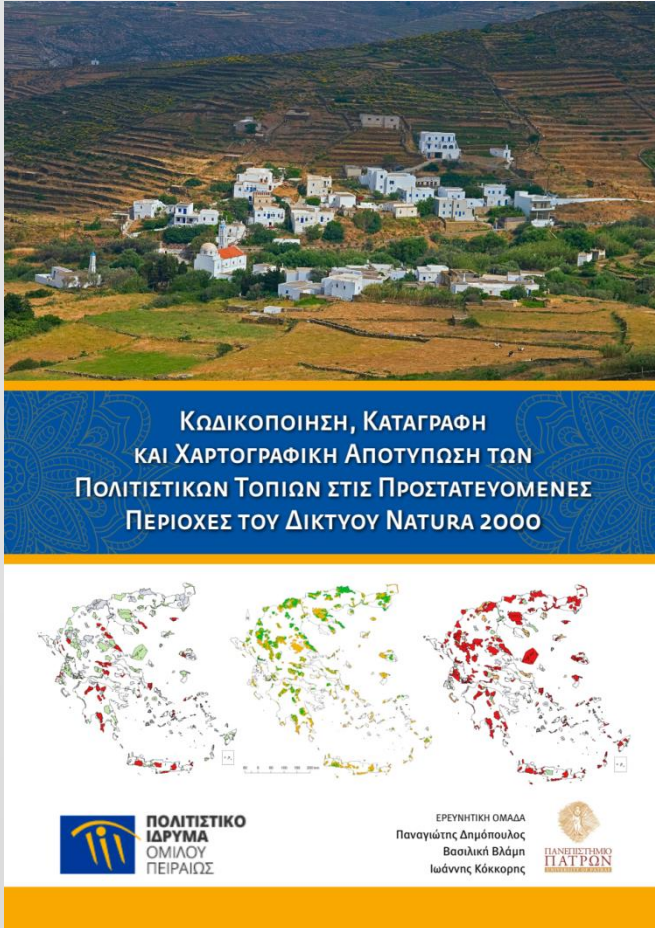
Abstract

This paper presents the establishment and the first outcomes of the Hellenic Ecosystem Services Partnership (HESP), a scientific-technical committee aiming at the coordination of the Ecosystem Services (ES) assessment in Greece. HESP consists of experts from different disciplines (ecology, marine biology, socio-ecological science) and aims to: i) coordinate ES assessment efforts under a shared framework; ii) promote the ES approach in Greece; iii) support the European implementation of national level (Mapping and Assessment of Ecosystem and their Services initiative) and fulfill priority actions regarding the ES implementation and the obligations derive from the National Biodiversity Strategy. In this paper, we present the first drafting of the Agenda including short- and long-term objectives towards the national implementation of

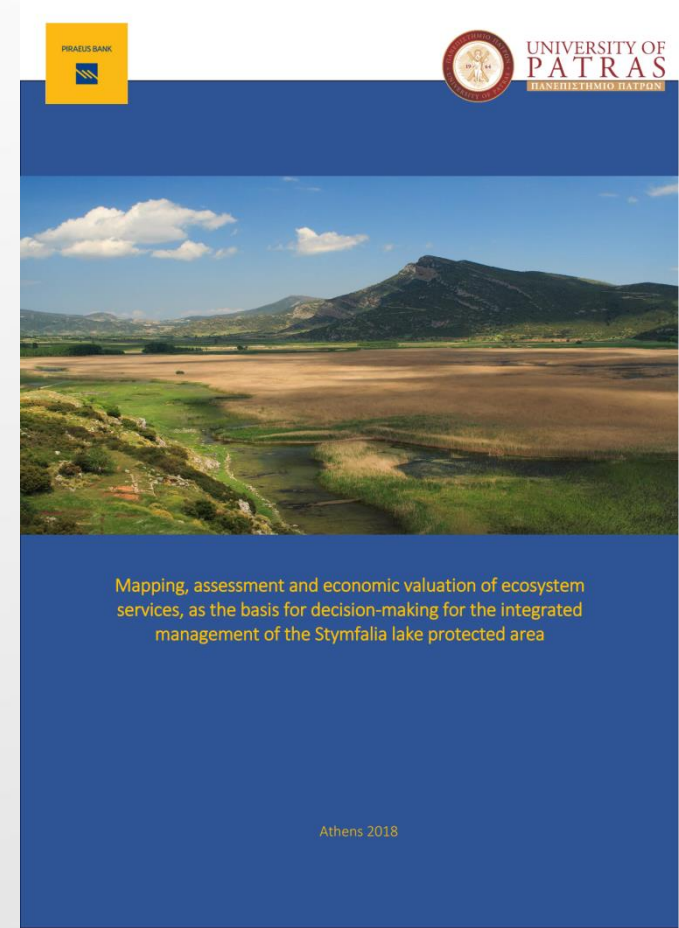
2017

2018

Implementation projects - national and local scale



2016: Typology, recording and mapping of cultural landscapes at the protected areas of the Natura 2000 Network



2018: Mapping, assessment and economic valuation of ES as a decision-making basis for integrated management in the protected area of Stymfalia lake



Life IP 4 Natura Project

Title:

Integrated actions for the conservation and management of NATURA 2000 sites, species, habitats and ecosystems in Greece (LIFE-IP 4 NATURA)

Total budget: 17,000,000 Euros

Budget for MAES implementation: 1,100,000 Euros

Partners:

1. Ministry of Environment & Energy
2. University of Patras
3. Democritus University of Thrace
4. Green Fund
5. WWF Hellas
6. Hellenic Ornithological Society
7. Region of Crete
8. Region of East Macedonia and Thrace
9. Region of Attica
10. Decentralized Administration of Epirus and Western Macedonia



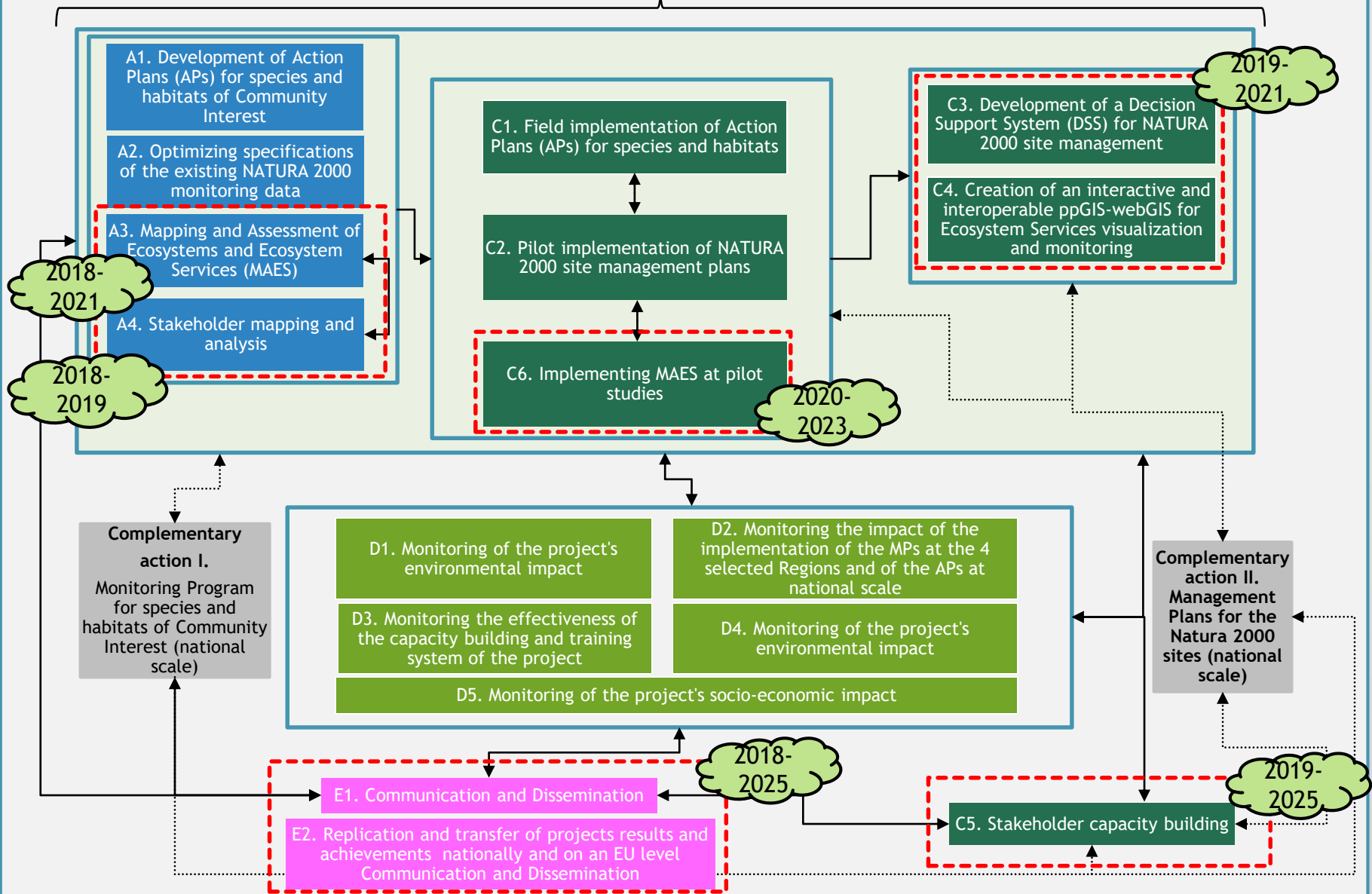
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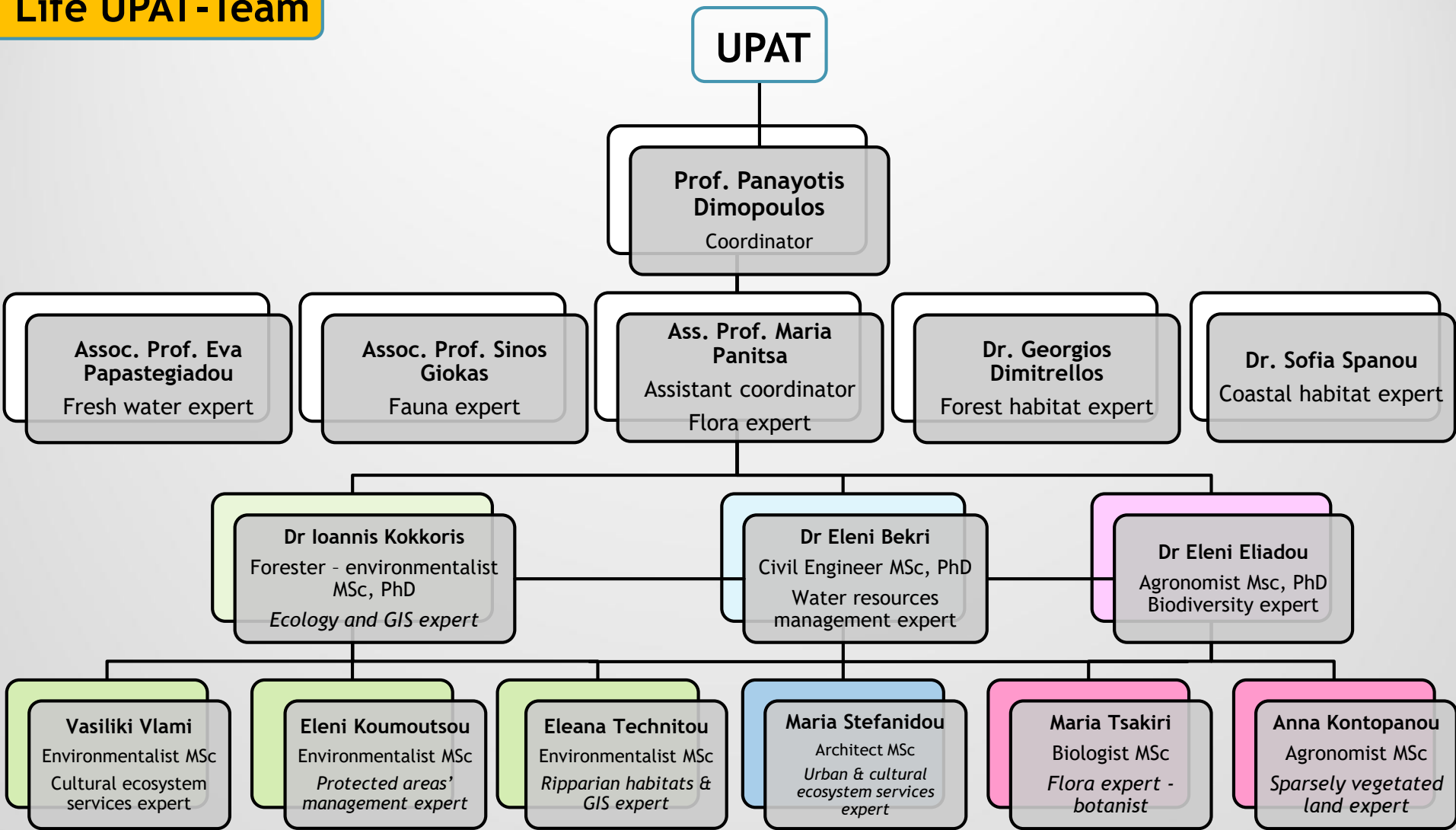
Decentralized Administration of
Epirus and Western Macedonia
Region of Attica
Region of Crete
Region of East Macedonia and Thrace

LIFE IP 4 NATURA

F1. Overall project management and coordination



Life UPAT-Team



Thank you for your attention



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